STUDY MODULE DESCRIPTION FORM						
Name of the module/subject Expert Systems and Artificial Intelligence (AI)				Code 1011102221011106442		
Field of	study		Profile of study	Year /Semester		
Safe	ty Engineering -	Full-time studies - Second	(general academic, practical) (brak)	1/2		
	e path/specialty		Subject offered in:	Course (compulsory, elective)		
	Ergonon	nics and Work Safety	Polish	obligatory		
Cycle o	f study:	1	Form of study (full-time,part-time)			
	Second-c	ime				
No. of h	nours			No. of credits		
Lectu	re: <b>30</b> Classes	s: 15 Laboratory: -	Project/seminars:	- 4		
Status	Status of the course in the study program (Basic, major, other) (university-wide, from another field)					
		(brak)		brak)		
Education areas and fields of science and art technical sciences Technical sciences				ECTS distribution (number and %)		
technical sciences				4 100%		
	Technical scie	4 100%				
Responsible for subject / lecturer: prof. dr hab. inż. Leszek Pacholski email: leszek.pacholski@put.poznan.pl tel. +48(61) 665 3374 Wydział Inżynierii Zarządzania ul. Strzelecka 11, 60-965 Poznań						
Prerequisites in terms of knowledge, skills and social competencies:						
1	Knowledge	Student knows the basics of man	agement, basics of information	technology in management		
2	Skills	Student is able to use the terms of	use the terms of management and computer science.			
3	Social competencies	Student is aware of the need to expand his knowledge and is willing to work in a group.				
Assu	imptions and obj	ectives of the course:				
Studer engine		afety Engineering, the application of	expert systems, methods and	artificial intelligence in safety		
Study outcomes and reference to the educational results for a field of study						
Knowledge:						
1. Student knows the concepts such as artificial neural networks and evolutionary algorithms and their applications, as well as issues of hybrid systems and theory of chaos, the concept of ,,intelligent,, dilemma of the sixth cycle - [K2A_W20]						
2. Stud	dent knows the method	ds of acquiring knowledge, methods al knowledge bases as well as strate	of knowledge representation,	development and		

# Skills:

1. Student can acquire, integrate, interpret data from literature, database or other properly matched sources, as well as to draw conclusions, formulate and justify opinions - [K2A\_U1]

2. Student can apply various techniques in order to communicate in occupational environment and other environments. - [K1A\_U2]

3. Student an create, both in English and Polish language, a well- documented report of problems within Safety Engineering, which present the results of their own research. - [K2A\_U3]

4. Student can prepare and give oral presentation relating to detailed issues within the realm of Safety Engineering in Polish and other foreign language. - [K2A\_U4]

5. Student has self-study ability and comprehends it's importance and can determine the directions of future learning. - [K2A\_U5]

6. Student can apply information-communicative techniques to deal with tasks that are typical of engineering activity. - [K2A\_U7]

7. Student can, while formulating and solving engineering tasks, discern their systemic and non-technical aspects and also socio-technical, organizational and economic approach. - [K2A\_U10]

8. Student can come up with a suggestion how to make use of state-of-the art technology (techniques and technology) within products design. - [K2A\_U12]

9. Student can suggest some improvements of already existing technical solutions that are typical of Safety Engineering. -[K2A\_U16]

10. Student can, according to the given specification, design and operate on a simple equipment, system or a process, which is typical of Safety Engineering, using appropriate and groundbreaking methods, techniques and tools. - [K2A\_U19]

#### Social competencies:

1. Student understands the need and knows means how to self-study (first, second and third cycle studies, postgraduate studies, qualification courses)- improving professional, personal and social competence; can argument the need to learn for the whole life. - [K2A\_K1]

2. Student is fully aware of the responsibility that he has taken for his own work and expresses readiness to comply with the rules of team work as well as responsibility for mutually realized and completed tasks. - [K2A\_K3]

3. Student can determine some causal relationships in the process of targets implementation and rank pertinence of alternative or competitive tasks. - [K2A\_K4]

## Assessment methods of study outcomes

Formative assessment:

Classes: based on thematic team work

Lectures: on the basis of written or oral answers from the current and previous material covered during the lectures

Collective assessment:

Classes: on the basis of a written verification of the degree of knowledge, on the basis of thematic collaborative studies Lectures: on the basis of an oral exam within the knowledge specified in the subject description

#### Course description

The subject consists of five thematic modules. The first one concerns the intelligence issues in general, information processing, and the concept of artificial intelligence in a robotic context as well as information systems management and safety engineering. The dilemma of the sixth business cycle. The second and third modules involve the issue of acquiring knowledge, methods of knowledge representation, development and reconstruction of professional knowledge bases as well as strategies of problem- solving. These modules have a methodological nature and treat, inter alia, about heuristics and strategies of graphs searching as well as collision of classic and fuzzy inference methods. Fourth and fifth modules are of utility. They present selected artificial intelligence tools such as: artificial neural networks and evolutionary algorithms. They submit their applications in the management and safety engineering. They also deal with the issues of hybrid systems and chaos theory.

## Basic bibliography:

1. Pacholski L., Systemy ekspertowe i sztuczna inteligencja (Expert systems and artificial intelligence). Wyd. PP, Poznań 2011

2. Inteligentne systemy w zarządzaniu (Intelligent systems in management). Zieliński J.S., (red.), PWN, Warszawa 2000.

3. Mulawka J.J., Systemy ekspertowe (Expert systems). WNT, Warszawa 1996.

4. Rutkowska D., Piliński M., Rutkowski L., Sieci neuronowe, algorytmy genetyczne i systemy rozmyte (Neural networks, genetic algorithms, and fuzzy systems). PWN, Warszawa 1997.

5. Cytowski J., Algorytmy genetyczne. Podstawy i zastosowania. (Genetic algorithms. Fundamentals and applications). Akademicka Oficyna Wydawnicza, Warszawa 1996

6. Medsker L.M., Hybryd Neural Networks and Expert Systems, Kluwer Academic Publisher, Boston 1994

7. Żurada J.M., Barski M., Jędruch W., Sztuczne sieci neuronowe (Artificial neuron networks). PWN, Warszawa 1996

Additional bibliography:		
Result of average student's workload   Activity   Participation in lectures   Participation in classes   Preparation for an exam   Preparation for classes   Preparation for a thematic collaborative report   Exam   Overview of the exam results   Consultations   Student's workload   Mours   Source of workload hours   otal workload 129		
Activity	Time (working hours)	
1. Participation in lectures		30
2. Participation in classes	15	
3. Preparation for an exam	20	
4. Preparation for classes	15	
5. Preparation for a thematic collaborative report	25	
6. Exam	2	
7. Overview of the exam results	2	
8. Consultations	20	
Student's wo	rkload	
Source of workload	hours	ECTS
Total workload	129	4
Contact hours	69	3
Practical activities	36	1